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The following <u>Listing of the Claims</u> will replace all prior versions and all prior listings of the claims in the present application:

Listing of The Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A nucleic acid molecule comprising:

a first nucleic acid sequence comprising an aptamer which binds to a cell surface molecule, covalently linked to a second nucleic acid sequence comprising a biological effector sequence, wherein the aptamer binds to a cell surface molecule, and wherein said biological effector sequence is not an aptamer.

2. (Currently amended) A nucleic acid molecule comprising:

a first nucleic acid sequence comprising an aptamer which binds to a cell surface molecule, linked via Watson-Crick base pairing to a second nucleic acid sequence comprising a biological effector sequence, wherein the aptamer binds to a cell surface molecule, and wherein said biological effector sequence is not an aptamer.

- 3. (Previously amended) The molecule of claim1 or 2, further comprising a third nucleic acid sequence which is an aptamer that is covalently linked to said nucleic acid molecule.
- 4. (Previously amended) The molecule of claim 1 or 2, further comprising a third nucleic acid sequence which is an aptamer that is linked via Watson-Crick base pairing to said nucleic acid molecule.
- 5. (Previously amended) The molecule of claim 3 wherein said third nucleic acid sequence comprises an aptamer that is different from said first nucleic acid comprising an aptamer.
- 6. (Previously amended) The molecule of claim 4 wherein said third nucleic acid sequence comprises an aptamer that is different from said first nucleic acid sequence comprises an aptamer.

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7. (Currently amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2, comprising DNA and or RNA.

- 8. (Previously amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2, wherein said biological effector sequence encodes a polypeptide or polynucleotide.
- 9. (Previously amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2, wherein said biological effector sequence comprises a messenger RNA.
- 10. (Previously amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 8, wherein the coding sequence of said biological effector sequence comprises double-stranded DNA, and wherein said biological effector sequence comprises a promoter.
- 11. (Previously amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2, wherein said biological effector sequence comprises an antisense sequence.
- 12. (Previously amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2, wherein said biological effector sequence comprises a nucleic acid enzyme.
- 13. (Original) A nucleic acid molecule comprising a template for the assembly of the molecule of claim 1.
- 14. (Original) A cloning vector comprising the molecule of claim 1.
- 15. (Original) A cloning vector comprising the molecule of claim 11.
- 16. (Original) A composition comprising the molecule of claim 1 or 2 and a biologically acceptable carrier.
- 17. (Previously amended) A composition comprising an admixture of a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2 and a cell in vitro that bears a target molecule for said aptamer.
- 18. (Currently amended) A cell transfected in vitro with a nucleic acid molecule, wherein the nucleic acid molecule is chosen from the group: consisting of the a nucleic acid molecule of

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claim 1,-a the nucleic acid molecule of claim or 2, a the nucleic acid molecule of claim 13, a the cloning vector of claim 14, and a the cloning vector of claim 15.

- 19. (Previously amended) A method of introducing a biological effector sequence into a cell comprising contacting the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2 in vitro with a host cell, wherein said aptamer of said nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2 binds to a cell surface molecule of said host cell and permits the internalization of said biological effector sequence, whereby said biological effector sequence is internalized by said host cell.
- 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Cancelled)
- 22. (Previously amended) A method of introducing a biological effector sequence into an organism, comprising:

introducing a biological effector sequence into a host cell by contacting the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2 in vitro with said host cell, wherein the aptamer of said nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2 binds to a molecule on the surface of said host cell and permits the internalization of said biological effector sequence, wherein said biological effector sequence of said nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2 is internalized by said host cell; and administering said host cell to the organism.